

# Homework 4

Analysis and Linear Algebra I (Autumn 2018)  
Indian Institute of Science

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1. Determine whether the convergent series in Problem 5 of Homework 3 converge conditionally or absolutely.
2. If  $\{a_n\}$  and  $\{b_n\}$  are two sequences such that  $a_n > 0$  and  $b_n > 0$  for all  $n \geq N$ , and  $c_n = b_n - \frac{b_{n+1}a_{n+1}}{a_n}$ , then prove that
  - (a) If  $\exists r > 0$  such that  $c_n \geq r > 0$  for all  $n \geq N$ , then  $\sum a_n$  converges, and
  - (b) If  $c_n \leq 0$  for all  $n \geq N$  and if  $\sum 1/b_n$  diverges, then  $\sum a_n$  diverges.
3. If  $\sum_n a_n$  converges absolutely, then prove that  $\sum_n a_n^2$  converges. Is the converse true?
4. If the left hand limit and the right hand limit of  $f$  at  $p$  are not equal, prove that the limit does not exist.
5. Compute the limits and prove that the limits are correct from first principles for the following problems.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{x} \qquad (b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt{x} \qquad (d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{x}$$